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DEFINITIONS

In this document:

- "Company" means LOXAM S.A.S., and "we", "us", "our" and "our group" refer to LOXAM S.A.S. and its consolidated subsidiaries, unless the context requires otherwise;
- "EBITDA" means operating income plus depreciation of fixed assets;
- "Adjusted EBITDA" means EBITDA plus certain costs that we do not consider to be representative of
 the results of our ongoing business operations, particularly costs associated with putting in place new
 financings;
- "Free cash flow" means EBITDA (before capital gains on fleet disposals) plus the proceeds from disposals of fixed assets less the following: (i) gross capital expenditures, (ii) finance income and expense, (iii) income taxes (excluding deferred taxes), (iv) increases in working capital requirement and (v) miscellaneous items.
- "Gross book value" means the total acquisition cost of the fleet equipment;
- "Gross debt" means loans and debt owed to credit institutions, bonds, lease liabilities, bank overdrafts and other financial debt, plus accrued interest on debt;
- "Net debt" means gross debt less cash and cash equivalents (cash plus marketable investment securities);
- "Like-for-like" means changes in revenues for the period indicated compared to the prior comparable period, excluding changes in the scope of consolidation.

NOTICE

All financial information in this quarterly report has been prepared in accordance with French GAAP and is presented in million of euros. This financial information has been subject to a limited review by our statutory auditors.

In this document, we use certain non-GAAP measures, such as EBITDA, free cash flow or net debt, as we believe they and similar measures are widely used by certain investors as supplemental measures of performance and liquidity. These non-GAAP measures may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures of other companies and may have limitations as analytical tools. Non-GAAP measures such as EBITDA, free cash flow and net debt are not measurements of our performance or liquidity under French GAAP and should not be considered to be alternatives to operating income or any other performance measures derived in accordance with French GAAP. They should not be considered to be alternatives to cash flows from operating, investing or financing activities as a measure of our liquidity as derived in accordance with French GAAP.

Rounding adjustments have been made in calculating some of the financial and other information included in this document. As a result, figures shown as totals in some tables may not be exact arithmetic aggregations of the figures that precede them.

Change in accounting policy

No change in accounting policies has occurred since the end of the previous financial year.

The following discussion and analysis is based on, and should be read in conjunction with, our interim consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this quarterly report and our audited annual consolidated financial statements included in our 2014 annual report.

This document contains certain statements that are forward-looking. These statements refer in particular to the Company's forecasts, projections, future events, trends or objectives that are naturally subject to risks and contingencies that may lead to actual results materially differing from those explicitly or implicitly included in these statements. Such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance. The Company, as well as its affiliates, directors, advisors, employees and representatives, expressly disclaim any liability whatsoever for such forward-looking statements. The Company does not undertake to update or revise the forward-looking statements that may be presented in this document to reflect new information, future events or for any other reason and any opinion expressed in this document is subject to change without notice.

This document does not constitute, or form part of, an offer or invitation to sell or purchase, or any solicitation of any offer to purchase or subscribe for, any securities of the Company in any jurisdiction whatsoever. This document shall not form the basis of, or be relied upon in connection with, any contract or commitment whatsoever.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SUMMARY

Consolidated Income Statement	Six months ended June 30,		
(in millions of euros)	2014	2015	
Revenues	391.1	399.7	
Other operating income	25.4	35.0	
Purchases consumed	(44.2)	(42.3)	
Personnel expenses	(108.9)	(113.6)	
Other operating expenses	(139.0)	(138.2)	
Taxes and duties	(7.3)	(7.7)	
Depreciation, amortization and provisions	(81.6)	(98.2)	
Operating income	35.5	34.7	
Financial income and expense	(19.6)	(29.9)	
Exceptional income and expense	0.1	0.6	
Income tax	(7.8)	(5.3)	
Income (loss) from equity affiliates	-	(0.0)	
Amortization or depreciation of goodwill and intangible assets	0.0	(0.0)	
Consolidated net income	8.3	(0.0)	
Minority interests	(0.1)	(0.2)	
Net income, group share	8.4	0.2	

Consolidated balance sheet	As of	
(in millions of euros)	December 31, 2014	June 30, 2015
Intangible assets and goodwill	952.2	951.6
Tangible assets	534.2	504.9
Financial investments	6.0	7.3
Investments in associates	-	10.9
Fixed assets	1,492.4	1,474.7
Inventory and work-in-progress	17.2	18.3
Trade receivables and related accounts	185.5	187.2
Other receivables and accruals	38.5	29.9
Marketable investment securities	114.3	101.0
Cash	30.2	62.9
Current assets	385.6	399.3
TOTAL ASSETS	1,878.1	1,874.1
Provisions for contingencies and charges	39.8	34.6
Loans and financial debt	1,114.1	1,121.0
Supplier payables and related accounts	62.9	61.1
Other liabilities and accruals	119.0	119.3
Shareholders' equity, group share	541.7	537.8
Minority interests	0.5	0.3
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	1,878.1	1,874.1
Consolidated condensed cash-flow statement	Sixt months e	nded June 30,

Consolidated condensed cash-flow statement		nded June 30,
(in millions of euros)	2014	2015
Cash flow from operations	100.3	71.1
Cash flow from investing activities	(139.6)	(50.2)
Cash flow from financing activities	108.4	1.0
Change in cash and cash equivalents	69.1	21.9
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period (1)	209.4	163.8

Note:

(1) Including bank overdraft.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion should be read together with our consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto. Our financial statements included herein have been presented in euros and prepared in accordance with French GAAP.

Overview

With total revenues of €821.0 million for the 12-month period ended June 30, 2015, LOXAM is the leading European equipment rental Company for the construction, industry, public works and events sectors.

LOXAM activity is split in three business divisions:

- Generalist France division, which includes equipment for earth moving (backhoes and loaders), aerial
 work (booms and scissors), handling (forklifts and tele-handlers), compaction (compactors and rollers),
 and building (concrete mixers and saws), as well as hand-operated tools such as power drills, chainsaws
 and jackhammers. As of June 30, 2015, our generalist network included 400 branches. The generalist
 network is trading under the LOXAM Rental brand;
- Specialist France division, which includes high-access equipment, modular shelters, large compressors
 and generators, heavy compaction equipment, suspended platforms and scaffolding. As of June 30, 2015,
 our specialist network in France includes 68 branches. We rent specialist equipment in France under
 several specific brands, such as LOXAM Access, LOXAM Module, LOXAM Power LOXAM Laho TEC
 and LOXAM TP;
- International division, which comprises our specialist and generalist equipment offerings in 12 other countries (Denmark, Belgium, the Netherlands, Germany, Spain, the United Kingdom, Ireland, Switzerland, Luxembourg, Morocco, Norway, Sweden) with a network of 143 branches as of June 30, 2015. Since April 2015, the Group is present in Brazil, through a 25% stake in the company Degraus, which operates a network of 20 branches.

We rent 1,000 different types of equipment and tools. We also provide services such as transportation, refueling, damage waiver and retail consumable products to complement and support our rental business. As of June 30, 2015, our rental fleet exceeded 200,000 pieces of equipment (excluding accessories) with gross book value of €1.6 billion.

Economic conditions in the first six months of 2015

The French construction market has remained soft in the first half of 2015 as local public demand is at its lowest following local elections of March 2014 and there has not been a revival of other sources of demand yet. It is therefore anticipated that the French construction market should decline by -0.9% in 2015 according to Euroconstruct. While the situation for building construction should stabilize thanks to the repair & maintenance component, most of the decline in 2015 should be caused by the decrease in civil engineering segment.

For other European countries where Loxam is present, the latest forecasts for construction markets confirm that 2015 should be a year of growth notably in the UK and Ireland followed by the Dutch and Spanish markets.

Investment in new equipment

Our gross capital expenditure in the second quarter of 2015 amounted to €40.8 million, of which €31.3million was fleet Capex as compared to €85.9 million, of which €81.4 million was fleet Capex, in the second quarter of 2014. For the six first months of 2015, our gross capital expenditure amounted to €65.9 million compared to €157.2 million a year ago.

Changes to our rental network

We operated 611 branches as of June 30, 2015, compared to 628 as of December 31, 2014. We opened 10 branches in the first half of 2015, we closed 3 branches and we operated 24 mergers of branches as part of the streamlining of our network. Among the branch mergers, 19 took place in France as we consolidated the network following the Phocomex acquisition.

In the quarter ended June 30, 2015, we opened 6 branches (2 in France and 4 in international), consolidated 17 branches (10 in France and 7 in international) and closed one branch in France.

Significant Events of the six month-period

On April 14, 2015, Loxam acquired 25% of shares of Degraus, which operates in Brazil through 20 branches. Degraus is a top 5 company in general rental and is mainly present in Sao Paulo state. This acquisition enables Loxam to enter a new market with long term potential. The minority interest owned by Loxam SAS in Degraus is consolidated in our financial statements through the equity method.

On April 30, 2015, Loxam A/S our Danish subsidiary merged with its fully owned subsidiary Dansk Lift.

On June 26, we announced to be in exclusive discussions with The Hertz Corporation for the acquisition of Hertz Equipment French and Spanish business. This transaction had to be referred to French anti-trust authorities and should complete before the end of 2015.

On June 30, 2015, our 51% owned subsidiary in Morocco, Atlas Rental acquired 100% of the shares of Maroc Elevation, a Moroccan company which is specialized in access equipment (2 branches).

Operating Results

The following table sets out our consolidated income statement for the quarter and six-months ended June 30, 2014 and 2015.

Consolidated Income Statement		rter une 30,	Six months ended June 30,	
(in millions of euros)	2014	2015	2014	2015
Revenues	201.8	210.3	391.1	399.7
Other operating income	13.6	17.3	25.4	35.0
Purchases consumed	(22.3)	(21.9)	(44.2)	(42.3)
Personnel expenses	(52.7)	(56.5)	(108.9)	(113.6)
Other operating expenses	(70.3)	(70.5)	(139.0)	(138.2)
Taxes and duties	(3.6)	(4.1)	(7.3)	(7.7)
Depreciation, amortization and provisions	(41.4)	(48.3)	(81.6)	(98.2)
Operating income	25.1	26.3	35.5	34.7
Financial income and expense	(9.7)	(14.8)	(19.6)	(29.9)
Exceptional income and expense	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.6
Income tax	(6.4)	(5.7)	(7.8)	(5.3)
Income (loss) from equity affiliates	-	(0.0)	-	(0.0)
Amortization or depreciation of goodwill and intangible assets	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.0)
Consolidated net income	9.2	6.1	8.3	(0.0)
Minority interests	(0.0)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.2)
Net income, group share	9.2	6.1	8.4	0.2

The following table sets out certain key figures in each of the generalist France, specialist France and international divisions for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2014 and 2015.

	Quarter ended June 30,		Six mor ended Jur	
(in millions of euros)	2014	2015	2014	2015
Revenues (1)				
Generalist France	131.4	129.0	257.3	244.1
Specialist France	35.4	36.0	67.6	69.8
France	166.8	165.0	324.9	313.9
International	35.0	45.4	66.1	85.8
Total revenues	201.8	210.3	391.1	399.7
Adjusted EBITDA (2)				
Generalist France (3)	42.6	47.7	73.4	84.3
Specialist France (3)	12.5	12.2	22.2	22.8
France	55.1	59.9	95.6	107.1
International	8.9	12.3	14.6	19.2
Real Estate (4)	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.8
Total adjusted EBITDA	64.4	72.6	111.1	127.0
Adjusted EBITDA margin	31.9%	34.5%	28.4%	31.8%

Notes:

- (1) To present generalist and specialist revenues generated in France by division, we aggregate the revenue of each of the branches assigned to that division. Revenues for generalist France and specialist France are presented net of rebates.
- (2) Adjusted EBITDA corresponds to EBITDA excluding certain costs that we do not consider to be representative of the results of our ongoing business operations, particularly costs associated with putting in place new financings or acquisitions. For the six months ending June 30, 2014 and 2015, no adjustment was recognized.
- (3) To present specialist and generalist adjusted EBITDA generated in France by division, we allocate rebates pro rata based on revenues, which are accounted for centrally, and then allocate direct expenses (which represent a majority) directly to a given branch. Indirect expenses are allocated centrally or regionally and are then allocated to a given branch according to a factor that is based on either, that branch's revenues, the gross value of its equipment or the rental value of its equipment.
- (4) Real estate adjusted EBITDA corresponds to rental income from real estate held by the group that is not assigned to a division.

Quarter ended June 30, 2015 compared to quarter ended June 30, 2014

Revenues

Revenues increased by 4.2% to €210.3 million in the second quarter of 2015 from €201.8 million in the second quarter of 2014. Like-for-like and at constant exchange rate, our revenues decreased by 0.4%, mainly due to a decrease in generalist France division of 1.9%, while specialist France and international divisions increased respectively by 1.8% and 2.5%.

Revenues from our generalist France division decreased by 1.9% in the second quarter of 2015 to €129.0 million as compared to €131.4 million in the second quarter of 2014. As the French construction market remained soft due to a low demand from local authorities and no pick-up from other sources of demand, the French rental market is expected to have decreased in Q2. Generalist France represented 61% of total revenues in the second quarter of 2015, compared to 65% in the second quarter of 2014.

Despite the softness of the construction market, revenues from our specialist France division was resilient and increased by 1.8% to €36.0 million in the second quarter of 2015, compared to €35.4 million in the second quarter of 2014. The Specialist France division represented 17% of total revenues in the second quarter of 2015, compared to 18% in the second quarter of 2014.

International revenues increased by 29.6% to €45.4 million in the second quarter of 2015 compared to €35.0 million in the second quarter of 2014, primarily due to Workx integration (from 1st July 2014) and to a favorable currency effect. Like-for-like and at constant exchange rate, international revenues increased by 2.5%, as revenues developed favorably in the Benelux, Spain and in Morocco. The international division represented 22% of total revenues in the second quarter of 2015, compared to 17% in the second quarter of 2014.

Other operating income

Other operating income increased by €3.6 million to €17.3 million in the quarter ended June 30, 2015 from €13.6 million in the quarter ended June 30, 2014. This increase was driven by higher gains on fleet disposals as the gross value of disposed fleet reached €38.0 million in Q2 versus €35.0 million in Q2 2014.

Purchases consumed

Purchases consumed decreased by 1.7% to €21.9 million in the quarter ended June 30, 2015 from €22.3 million in the quarter ended June 30, 2014. This decrease was primarily due to the decrease in variable costs.

Personnel expenses

Personnel expenses increased by 7.2% to €56.5 million in the quarter ended June 30, 2015 from €52.7 million in the quarter ended June 30, 2014. Like-for-like, personnel expenses increased by 1.8%, mainly due to an increase of profit sharing in France.

Other operating expenses

Other operating expenses increased by 0.3% to €70.5 million in the second quarter of 2015 from €70.3 million in the second quarter of 2014. Like-for-like, other operating expenses decreased by 3.7%. This decrease was achieved thanks to cost reduction by 10.1% at our generalist France division in Q2. The cost reduction concerned mainly real estate and administration costs.

Depreciation, amortization, and provisions

Depreciation, amortization, and provisions increased by 16.7% to €48.3 million in the quarter ended June 30, 2015 compared to €41.4 million in the quarter ended June 30, 2014. Like-for-like, the increase amounted to 12.7% as a consequence of the amount of capex spent in 2014.

Financial income and expense

The net financial expense increased by €5.0 million to €14.8 million in the quarter ended June 30, 2015, compared to €9.7 million in the quarter ended June, 2014. The interest charge has increased by €6.3 million in Q2 2015 versus Q2 2014 due to a higher cost of financing for the Notes issued in July 2014. The provision covering the cost of future payments for the portfolio of interest rate swaps was reduced by €0.7 million as the interest rate benchmark increased beyond 2016.

Income tax

Income tax stood at €5.7 million in the quarter ended June 30, 2015, compared to €6.4 million in the quarter ended June 30, 2014.

Amortization or depreciation of goodwill and intangible assets

During the first half of 2015, no impairment of intangible assets was accounted for.

Net income

As a result of the various factors described above, the net income decreased to €6.1 million in the quarter ended June 30, 2015 compared to €9.2 million in the quarter ended June 30, 2014.

Adjusted EBITDA

We define EBITDA as operating income plus depreciation of fixed assets. We define Adjusted EBITDA as EBITDA plus non-recurring costs. The following table presents a reconciliation of adjusted EBITDA to operating income and net income for the periods indicated.

	Quarter ended June 30,		Six mor ended Ju	
(in millions of euros)	2014	2015	2014	2015
Adjusted EBITDA	64.4	72.6	111.1	127.0
Non-recurring costs ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	-
EBITDA	64.4	72.6	111.1	127.0
Depreciation of fixed assets	(39.3)	(46.2)	(75.5)	(92.3)
Operating income	25.1	26.3	35.5	34.7
Financial income and expense	(9.7)	(14.8)	(19.6)	(29.9)
Exceptional income and expense	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.6
Income tax	(6.4)	(5.7)	(7.8)	(5.3)
Income (loss) from equity affiliates	-	(0.0)	-	(0.0)
Amortization or depreciation of goodwill and intangible assets	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.0)
Consolidated net income	9.2	6.1	8.3	(0.0)

Notes:

Adjusted EBITDA amounted to €72.6 million in the second quarter of 2015 compared to €64.4 million in the second quarter of 2014. For the six-month period ended June 30, 2015 adjusted EBITDA reached €127.0 million compared to €111.1 million for the six-month period ended June 30, 2014.

Adjusted EBITDA from our generalist France division amounted to €47.7 million in the quarter ended June 30, 2015, compared to €42.6 million in the quarter ended June 30, 2015. Adjusted EBITDA from our generalist France division amounted to €84.3 million in the six-month period ended June 30, 2015 compared to €73.4 million in the six-month period ended June 30, 2014.

Adjusted EBITDA from our specialist France division amounted €12.2 million in the quarter ended June 30, 2015, compared to €12.5 million in the quarter ended June 30, 2015. Adjusted EBITDA from our specialist France division amounted to €22.8 million in the six-month period ended June 30, 2015 compared to €222 million in the six-month period ended June 30, 2014.

Adjusted EBITDA from our international division amounted to €12.3 million in the quarter ended June 30, 2015, compared to €8.9 million in the quarter endedJune 30, 2015. Adjusted EBITDA from our international division amounted to €19.2 million in the six-month period ended June 30, 2015, compared to €14.6 million in the six-month period ended June 30, 2014.

⁽¹⁾ No non-recurring costs were recognised in the first half 2014 and 2015.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We use cash to pay for working capital requirements, taxes, interest payments, capital expenditures, acquisitions and to service our indebtedness in accordance with repayment schedules.

Our sources of liquidity consist mainly of the following:

- cash generated from our operating activities;
- borrowings under our syndicated credit facilities (including the revolving credit facility) and bilateral facilities; and
- net proceeds from our senior subordinated notes and any other debt securities we may issue in the future.

As of June 30, 2015, we had €960.0 million of bond debt which was made of €300.0 million of senior subordinated notes due in January 2020, €410.0 million of senior secured notes due in July 2021, and €250.0 million of senior subordinated notes due in July 2022, both issued in July 2014. We also had €48.7 milion outstanding debt under bilateral facilities and finance leases in a total amount of €101.0 million. Cash and cash equivalents, net of bank overdrafts, amounted to €163.8 million as of June 30, 2015 as compared to €144.3 million as of December 31, 2014.

We also have a €50 million revolving credit facility, which we may use for general corporate purposes. As of June 30, 2015, this revolving credit facility was not drawn.

We expect to finance future capital expenditures mainly through cash flow from operations. We may also negotiate finance leases or bilateral credit facilities from time to time to finance the development of our operations. Such financing would be concluded either at the level of our operating subsidiaries or at Loxam SAS level.

Capital expenditure

Our gross capital expenditure was €40.8 million in the second quarter of 2015 compared to €85.9 in the second quarter of 2014.

Our net capital expenditure (defined as gross capital expenditures less proceeds from disposals of fixed assets) was €28.5 million in the second quarter of 2015 ascompared to €76.9 million in the second quarter of 2014.

Free cash flow

We define free cash flow as EBITDA (before capital gains on fleet disposals) plus the proceeds from disposals of fixed assets less the following: (i) gross capital expenditure, (ii) financial income and expense, (iii) income taxes (excluding deferred taxes), (iv) change in working capital requirement and (v) miscellaneous items. Free cash flow, as presented in this report, does not reflect the impact of dividend payments to shareholders, capital increases, buybacks or acquisitions, which could affect the cash situation of the Company.

Free cash flow amounted to \le 24.4 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2015 compared to \le (34.5) million for the quarter ended June 30, 2014. Free cash flow amounted to \le 32.7 million for the six month period ended June 30, 2015, compared to \le (38.8) million for the corresponding period a year ago.

The following table sets out a reconciliation of free cash flow to EBITDA for the periods indicated.

(in millions of euros)	Quarter ended June 30,		Six mo ended Ju	
	2014	2015	2014	2015
EBITDA before capital gains on fleet disposals	57.2	63.0	98.8	105.8
+ Proceeds from disposals of fixed assets	9.0	12.3	17.3	26.7
- Gross capital expenditure	(85.9)	(40.8)	(157.2)	(65.9)
- Financial income and expense	(9.7)	(16.2)	(19.6)	(31.8)
- Income taxes (1)	(5.1)	(6.5)	(5.6)	(8.5)
- +/- Change in working capital requirement (2)	0.5	13.2	28.0	7.1
Miscellaneous	(0.5)	(0.6)	(0.6)	(0.7)
Free cash flow (3)	(34.5)	24.4	(38.8)	32.7
Acquisitions	(0.0)	(11.0)	(22.3)	(11.0)
Dividends	(4.9)	(4.9)	(4.9)	(4.9)
Other	(0.0)	(0.5)	(0.0)	(2.4)
Change in net debt	(39.4)	8.0	(66.1)	14.4

Notes:

- (1) Corresponds to taxes immediately payable (i.e. excluding deferred taxes).
- (2) Change in working capital requirement is calculated as the difference between working capital requirement at the end of the relevant period and working capital requirement at the beginning of the relevant period, at constant exchange rates and perimeter of consolidation.
- (3) Before payment of dividends, capital increases and acquisitions.

Net debt

We define net debt as gross debt less cash and cash equivalents. The following table sets out a reconciliation of net debt to amounts included in the consolidated balance sheet as of the dates indicated.

	As of		
	December 31,	June 30,	
(in millions of euros)	2014	2015	
Senior secured notes	410.0	410.0	
Senior subordinated notes	550.0	550.0	
Bilateral loans	28.7	48.7	
Accrued interest on debt securities and loans	9.5	9.5	
Lease liabilities	115.0	101.0	
Other financial debt	0.7	1.7	
Bank overdrafts	0.2	0.1	
Loans and financial debt (gross debt)	1,114.1	1,121.0	
Cash	(30.2)	(62.9)	
Marketable investment securities	(114.3)	(101.0)	
Cash and cash equivalents	(144.4)	(163.9)	
Adjustment to cash and cash equivalent (1)	-	(1,7)	
Net debt	969.7	955.3	

(1) Cash adjustment related to a cash advance of €1.7 million to the new acquired Maroc Elevation company, not consolidated in the balance sheet.

Gross debt on June 30, 2015 amounted to €1,121.0 million versus €1114.1 million on December 31, 2014. Net debt decreased to €955.3 million as of June 30,2015 from €969.7 million in December 31, 2014 as a result of the positive free cash flow of €32.7 million recorded in the six-month period ended June 30, 2015, offset by the dividend paid for an amount of €(4.9) million, the effect of change in perimeter for €(11.0) million and the exchange effect of (2.4) million.

Debt maturity profile

The table below provides the maturity profile of our outstanding indebtedness, as of June 30, 2015.

(in millions of euros)	Total	2015 (July. to Dec.)	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021 and later
Bilateral loans	48.7	4.8	10.7	10.2	9.4	7.8	4.7	1.1
Lease liabilities	101.0	16.8	33.8	26.0	19.0	5.3	0.2	-
Loans and financial debt owed to credit institutions	149.7	21.6	44.5	36.1	28.4	13.1	4.9	1.1
Other financial debt	1.7	1.1	0.3	0.3	-	-	-	-
Senior secured notes	410.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	410.0
Senior subordinated notes	550.0	-	-	-	-	-	300.0	250.0
Total debt (1)	1,111.4	22.7	44.8	36.4	28.4	13.1	304.9	661.1

Note:

(1) Excluding accrued interests and bank overdrafts.

Currency and interest rate derivatives

Before we decided to refinance the financial debt of the group in the bond market, we used derivative financial instruments (interest rate swaps) to mitigate the adverse effects of interest rate risks.

The derivative financial instruments were maintained after the refinancing of July 2014 and covered a notional amount of €167.9 million at June 30, 2015 for a maximum term in July 2022. As the interest-rate derivatives are non longer hedging our financial debt, a provision covering the cost of future payments for the interest rate swap was recognized in Q4 2014. This provision amounted to €7.3 million as at June 30, 2015, compared to €9.2 million as at December 31, 2014.

This provision covering the cost of future payments for the interest rate swap was adjusted according to the mark-to market value as at June 30, 2015. This adjustment represented a profit of €0.2 million.

The table below sets out our interest-rate derivatives levels for the periods indicated.

	As of		
	June 30,	December 31,	June 30,
(in millions of euros)	2014	2014	2015
Bank loans	682.5	28.7	48.7
Amount covered	258.3	188.1	167.9
% hedged	37.8%	n.a	n.a
Average interest derivatives rate	1.71%	1.77%	1.97%

The large majority of our revenues, expenses and obligations are denominated in euros. However, we are exposed to limited foreign exchange rate risk, primarily in respect of Danish krone, pounds Sterling, Swiss francs, Moroccan dirham, Norwegian krone and Swedish krone. Our foreign exchange rate derivative financial instruments as of June 30, 2015 covered current liabilities denominated in British Pounds for GBP 13.2 million and in Danish Kroners for DKK 29.5 million.

APPENDIX: UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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BALANCE SHEET

		06.30.2015	12.31.2014
ASSETS	(€ '000s)	(limited review)	(audited)
Fixed assets		<u>1,474,717</u>	1,492,437
Goodwill		129	150
Intangible assets		951,440	952,031
Tangible assets		504,913	534,237
Financial investments		7,295	6,019
Investments in associates		10,940	-
Current assets		<u>399,345</u>	385,625
Inventory and work-in-progress		18,268	17,207
Trade receivables and related accounts		187,204	185,492
Other receivables and accruals		29,925	38,503
Marketable securities		101,038	114,269
Cash		62,910	30,154
Total assets		1,874,061	1,878,062
		06.30.2015	12.31.2014
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY	(€ '000s)	(limited review)	(audited)
Shareholders' equity		<u>537,825</u>	<u>541,745</u>
Equity capital		258,223	258,223

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY	(€ '000s)	(limited review)	(audited)
Shareholders' equity		<u>537,825</u>	<u>541,745</u>
Equity capital		258,223	258,223
Additional paid-in capital		1,882	1,882
Reserves and retained earnings (1)		277,721	281,641
Non-controlling interests		286	476
Provisions for contingencies and charges		34,571	39,790
Debt		<u>1,301,379</u>	<u>1,296,051</u>
Loans and financial debt		1,120,982	1,114,146
Trade payables and related accounts		61,124	62,905
Other liabilities and accruals		119,274	118,999
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		1,874,061	1,878,062
(1) Including net income for the period		181	9,403

INCOME STATEMENT

(€ '000s)	06.30.2015 (6 months) (limited review)	06.30.2014 (6 months) (limited review)	12.31.2014 (12 months) (audited)
Revenues	<u>399,708</u>	<u>391,073</u>	812,329
Other operating income	35,030	25,412	67,427
Total revenues	434,738	416,485	<u>879,756</u>
Purchases consumed	42,285	44,220	92,078
Personnel expenses	113,639	108,887	220,222
Other operating expenses	138,216	139,023	295,730
Taxes and duties	7,665	7,255	14,755
Depreciation, amortization and provisions	98,232	81,557	176,918
Operating income	34,702	<u>35,543</u>	80,053
Financial income and expense	(29,923)	(19,566)	(60,159)
Current income before tax and exceptional items	<u>4,779</u>	<u>15,977</u>	<u>19,894</u>
Exceptional income and expense	556	103	(867)
Income tax	(5,295)	(7,756)	(9,707)
Net income from consolidated companies	<u>40</u>	<u>8,325</u>	<u>9,320</u>
Income (loss) from equity affiliates	(30)	-	-
Amortization and charges to provisions on goodwill and intangible assets	(21)	21	(42)
Consolidated net income	<u>(12)</u>	<u>8,346</u>	<u>9,278</u>
Non-controlling interests	(193)	(90)	(126)
Net income, group share	<u>181</u>	<u>8,436</u>	<u>9,403</u>
Earnings per share in euros	0.01	0.33	0.36

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(€ '000s)		06.30.2015 (6 months) (limited review)	06.30.2014 (6 months) (limited review)	12.31.2014 (12 months) (audited)
Cash flows from operating activities				
Net income from consolidated companies		40	8,325	9,320
Elimination of expense and income that have no cash impact or are unrelated to the operations:				
- Change in deferred taxes		(3,202)	2,113	3,307
+ Amortization, depreciation and provisions		89,569	75,953	176,106
- Gains on disposals of fixed assets		(21,561)	(13,395)	(42,085)
= Gross operating cash flow from consolidated companies		64,845	72,996	146,648
+/- Change in working capital requirements		7,056	28,046	(77)
+/- Change in accrued interest on loans and other financial debt		(799)	(729)	492
= Cash flows from operating activities	A	71,102	100,313	147,062
Cash flows from investing activities				
- Purchases of fixed assets		(65,941)	(157,161)	(252,793)
+ Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets		26,708	17,296	50,950
+ Impact of changes in scope of consolidation		(10,958)	240	(53,289)
= Cash flows from investing activities	В	(50,191)	(139,625)	(255,132)
Cash flows from financing activities				
- Dividends paid to parent company shareholders		(4,906)	(4,906)	(4,906)
+ Capital increase in cash		-	-	308
+ Issuance of loans		25,894	186,812	837,958
- Repayment of loans		(20,020)	(73,465)	(720,489)
= Cash flows from financing activities	C	967	108,440	112,872
	A+B			
Change in cash and cash equivalents	+C	21,878	69,128	4,802
Opening cash and cash equivalents (incl.overdrafts on current accounts)		144,253	140,280	140,280
Closing cash and cash equivalents (incl.overdrafts on current accounts)		163,797	209,422	144,253
Effect of exchange rate differences		2,335	(14)	829
Change in cash and cash equivalents		21,878	69,128	4,802

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Significant events of the period

On April 14, 2015, Loxam acquired 25% of shares of Degraus, which operates in Brazil through 20 branches. Degraus is a top 5 company in general rental and is mainly present in Sao Paulo state. This acquisition enables Loxam to enter a new market with long term potential. The minority interest owned by Loxam SAS in Degraus is consolidated in our financial statements through the equity method.

On April 30, 2015, Loxam A/S our Danish subsidiary merged with its fully owned subsidiary Dansk Lift, with retroactive effect from January 1st, 2015.

On June 26, we announced to be in exclusive discussions with The Hertz Corporation for the acquisition of Hertz Equipment French and Spanish business. This transaction had to be referred to French anti-trust authorities and should complete before the end of 2015.

On June 30, 2015, our 51% owned subsidiary in Morocco, Atlas Rental acquired 100% of the shares of Maroc Elevation, a Moroccan company which is specialized in access equipment (2 branches). Maroc Elevation was not included in the consolidated statement as of June 30, 2015.

Accounting rules and policies

The consolidated financial statements comply with French generally accepted accounting principles and specifically with the Decree of June 22, 1999 enacting Regulation 99-02 issued by the French Accounting Committee (CRC). The interim financial statements for the period from January 1, 2015 to June 30, 2015 have been prepared pursuant to Recommendation 99 R01 regarding methods for preparing and presenting interim financial statements. The accounting methods applied at the June 30, 2015 period end are unchanged on those used at the December 31, 2014 year end.

1. Consolidation scope and methods

Companies controlled exclusively by their parent company are fully consolidated.

Companies whose parent company has a significant influence are consolidated according to the equity method.

All companies within the Loxam group are fully consolidated, with the exception of Degraus which is consolidated through the equity method.

All companies close their statutory accounts on December 31. The consolidated financial statements as of June 30, have been prepared on the basis of the interim financial positions as of June 30, 2015 for all companies in the group.

The financial statements are denominated in thousands of euros, and rounded up to the nearest thousand euro. In the various tables, the totals shown can differ from the sum of the items as a result of rounding.

2. Currency translation method

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into euros according to the closing rate method:

- asset and liability accounts are translated at the closing rate for the period ended June 30, 2015.
- income and expenses, and net income are translated at the average exchange rate.
- translation differences arising on the opening balance sheet and the income statement are recorded directly within equity.

Exchange rates applied for the period ended June 30, 2015 (euro against foreign currency) are as follows:

	GBP	CHF	DKK	MAD	SEK	NOK
Closing rate	0.71140	1.04130	7.46040	10.87050	9.21500	8.79100
Average rate	0.73238	1.05652	7.45617	10.81024	9.34217	8.64420

3. Elimination of intercompany transactions

All transactions between Group companies have been eliminated, as well as any income or loss generated internally.

4. Change in accounting policies

No change in accounting policies has occurred since the end of the previous financial year.

5. Goodwill and intangible assets

5.1. Goodwill

Goodwill is the difference between the acquisition cost of the shares and the overall value of the assets and liabilities, and market share identified at the acquisition date.

The acquisition cost includes expenses directly related to the acquisition, as well as the discounted value of the debt in cases where payment is deferred or spread.

Furthermore, assets and liabilities that can be identified at the acquisition date are valued at fair value, which may result in recognizing a valuation difference.

Goodwill is amortized on a straight-line basis, over a period that considers the assumptions made, and the objectives established and documented at the time of the acquisition. This period may not exceed 20 years.

5.2. Other intangible items

In the case of operating companies that have been acquired in order to increase the Group's market share by increasing its network of branches (which is the case for all the companies acquired), a separate asset is recognised on a separate line (market share) under intangible assets. The market share value is assessed based on the results generated by these companies, their development, and their ability to increase their customer loyalty through national agreements.

Market share is not amortized, but its value is tested annually and when the Group identifies evidence of impairment. The impairment test on market share consists in comparing its carrying amount with future cash flows, as determined on the basis of medium-term plans. When the carrying amount of the market share is higher than the value of the discounted future cash flows, an impairment loss is recognized.

Other intangible assets are recorded at their acquisition cost on the balance sheet, excluding financial expenses.

The Group has not identified any impairment over the past 6 months.

5.3. Analyses and movements

No variation has occurred during the first half.

6. Tangible assets

Tangible assets are shown at their historical acquisition cost, less accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the useful life of the assets.

The main useful lives used are as follows:

•	Buildings	10 to 20 years
	Building fixtures and fittings	5 to 20 years
•	Plant, equipment and tools	1 to 7 years
•	Other tangible assets	2 to 5 years

The depreciation rules applied by the Company comply with current professional practices.

According to the rules determined by CRC Regulations 2002-10 and 2004-06, the tangible assets of French companies must be broken down into individual components with different useful lives. We have not identified any asset likely to be subject to a breakdown by component.

The Group did not therefore review its accounting depreciation schedules as part of the application of CRC Regulations 2002-10 and 2004-06.

The features specific to the leasing profession do not allow us to assess residual values for all the equipment on a consistent and accurate basis.

7. Finance leases

Some fixed assets are subject to lease agreements, under the terms of which the Group assumes the benefits and risks of ownership. In this case, the assets are adjusted in order to recognize and classify the value of the leased items under fixed assets and the corresponding financial liability under liabilities. The fixed asset is depreciated according to the Group's policy and its economic useful life. The liability is amortized over the term of the lease agreement.

8. Financial investments

Investments held in the fully-consolidated companies are eliminated in consolidation. They are replaced by the assets, liabilities, and net financial position of the companies concerned.

The gross values of the investments in non-consolidated companies are assessed at their historical acquisition cost. Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at the closing rate for the financial year. Potential impairment losses are determined in relation to market value.

9. Investments in associates

The equity method consists of replacing the book value of the securities held by the share in net assets, including profit for the year, determined according to the rules of consolidation. This share of restated equity is carried on a separate line in the balance sheet called "Investments in associates". According to the equity method, the difference between the purchase price and the share in net assets constitutes goodwill. If this difference is not allocated to assets, it's recognised on a separate line of the balance sheet.

The consolidation of Degraus according to the equity method led us to assign $\leq 4,438 \text{ K}$ in market share (included in investments in associates).

10. Inventories

Inventories are valued at weighted average cost, or at the last known purchase price.

A write-down of inventory is recognized when the realisable value is lower than the book value.

11. Receivables and payables

Receivables and payables are valued at their nominal amounts. An allowance for bad and doubtful receivables is recognized when the recoverable amount of receivables is lower than their book value.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate on the transaction date.

Gains and losses arising from the translation of balances at the closing rate are recorded in the income statement.

12. Marketable securities

The historical cost of the marketable securities reported on the balance sheet is compared with their market value at the closing date. If the recoverable value falls below the market value, an impairment loss is recognized.

13. Provisions for contingencies and charges

This item includes provisions for retirement termination payments and jubilee awards, provisions for deferred tax liabilities and other provisions for contingencies and charges that are justified by certain and probable risks, and have been estimated on a case-by-case basis.

Procedures for calculating retirement provisions:

- Benefits are calculated based on age, seniority, life expectancy, and the staff turnover rate.
- Acquired benefits are capped at 3.5 months' salary for employees who have worked for the company for over 30 years.
- The calculated provision is then discounted at the Iboxx rate for bonds issued by investment grade companies (AA) (2.05%), in order to take into account the length of time between the employee's age and their retirement at 65.
- Social security charges at a rate of 44% have been recognised.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognised through the income statement.

Group companies that are included in a defined contribution scheme pay their contributions to pension management funds and are not subject to this restatement.

14. Other operating income

Other operating income primarily includes provision reversals, expense transfers, net gains on rental equipment disposals, and property rents invoiced.

15. Exceptional income

Net exceptional income consists of net gains on the disposal of fixed assets, excluding rental equipment disposals, and other non-recurring events in the operation of the business.

16. Income tax

The income tax charge for the period comprises both current and deferred tax. Taxation is recognised in the income statement except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case the related tax is also recognised in equity.

Current tax corresponds to the accumulated income tax payable on the taxable income of all the group's companies. There are three tax consolidation schemes in the Group: one for the French companies, one for the Danish companies and one for Workx group's companies.

Deferred taxes result from:

- temporary differences between the tax base and the accounting base;
- consolidation adjustments.

Deferred tax is calculated using the liability method, at the tax rate in effect at the beginning of the next financial year.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset against each other at company level.

In case of tax losses, deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available for offset against these losses in the near future, or if it is possible to offset these assets with deferred tax liabilities.

The income tax charge is calculated in the same way for an interim period as at the annual closing, based on the interim financial result.

17. Currency and interest-rate derivatives

- Exchange rate risk:

The foreign currency hedging agreements in place at June 30, 2015 covered receivables denominated in British Pounds for GBP 13,210 thousand, and in Danish Kroners for DKK 29,500 thousand.

- Interest-rate risk:

The Group have used derivatives until the refinancing of its debt by bonds to reduce its net exposure to interest rate risk when it determined conditions were appropriate to mitigate risks based on market expectations. The group entered into "swap" agreements to hedge such risk.

As at June 30, 2015, these instruments covered a notional amount of €167,900 thousand at 3-month EURIBOR for a maximum term in July 2022.

The income and expense generated by interest rate swaps is recorded in the income statement on a *pro rata* basis.

The refinancing of July 2014 led to the repayment of almost all floating-rate loans held by Loxam SAS and to the issuance of a fixed-rate bond. The maintained interest-rate derivatives are not backed by debts anymore and a provision was recognised for an amount of €7322 thousands as at June 30, 2015 compared to an amount of €9,153 thousand as at December 31, 2014. This provision represents the anticipation of future payments based on discounted interest rates projections as at June 30, 2015 over the remaining life of swaps.

18. Non-controlling interests

This is the non-controlling shareholders' interest in the financial position and results of the consolidated subsidiaries.

19. Related parties

No material transactions were entered into otherwise than at arm's length.

SCOPE OF CONSOLIDATION

Legal entity	Company number (France) or country	% control	% interest	Consolidation method
SAS LOXAM	450776968	100%	100%	Mother
SAS LOXAM MODULE	433911948	100%	100%	full
SAS LOXAM POWER	366500585	100%	100%	full
LOXAM ACCESS UK	United Kingdom	100%	100%	full
LOXAM GMBH	Germany	100%	100%	full
LOXAM S.A.	Switzerland	100%	100%	full
LOXAM S.A.	Belgium	100%	100%	full
LOXAM RENTAL SARL	Luxembourg	100%	100%	full
LOXAM LTD	Ireland	100%	100%	full
LOXAM ALQUILER	Spain	100%	100%	full
LOXAM BV	Netherlands	100%	100%	full
WORKX HOLDING BV	Netherlands	100%	100%	full
WORKX BV	Netherlands	100%	100%	full
WORKX MATERIEELVERHUUR BV	Netherlands	100%	100%	full
WORKX SLOOP EN GRAAFDIENSTEN BV	Netherlands	100%	100%	full
ATLAS RENTAL	Morocco	100%	51%	full
LOXAM HOLDING A/S	Denmark	100%	100%	full
LOXAM A/S	Denmark	100%	100%	full
SAFELIFT AS	Norway	100%	100%	full
SAFELIFT AB	Sweden	100%	100%	full
DEGRAUS	Brazil	25%	25%	Equity
SCI AVENUE ARISTIDE BRIAND	384564472	100%	100%	full
SCI EST POSE	340583160	100%	100%	full
SAS LOXAM GRANDE ARMEE	572045953	100%	100%	full
EURL NORLEU	409981024	100%	100%	full
SCI TARTIFUME	328948013	100%	100%	full
SCI THABOR	332962125	100%	100%	full
LOXAMAM	799097944	100%	100%	full

FIXED ASSETS

(€ '000s)

	Change in				Translation		
GROSS AMOUNT	12.31.14	scope	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	adjustments	06.30.15
Goodwill	847						847
Intangible assets	1,000,836		376	1	272	7	1,001,490
Tangible assets (1)	1,842,061		64,148	86,136	(272)	9,309	1,829,110
Financial investments	6,019		1,417	146	5		7,295
Investments in associates		10,920		30		50	10,940
TOTAL	2,849,763	10,920	65,941	86,312	5	9,365	2,849,683
(1) incl. rental equipment	1,637,720		52,965	79,572	(627)	8,544	1,619,029

DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION	12.31.14	Change in scope	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Translation adjustments	06.30.15
TWO KILLIION	12.31.14	зсорс	THE Cases	Decreases	11 ansici s	aujustinents	00.50.15
Goodwill	697		21				718
Intangible assets	48,805		1,103	1	136	7	50,051
Tangible assets (1)	1,307,824		91,226	81,085	(16)	6,249	1,324,197
Financial investments	-						=
TOTAL	1,357,326		92,350	81,086	121	6,255	1,374,966
(1) incl. rental equipment	1,154,451		85,430	75,559	(378)	5,690	1,169,634

CURRENT ASSETS

INVENTORIES

NET AMOUNT (€ '000s)	06.30.15	12.31.14
Spare parts and consumables	6,103	5,854
Trade	12,165	11,352
TOTAL	18,268	17,207

TRADE RECEIVABLES AND RELATED ACCOUNTS

(€ '000s)	06.30.15	12.31.14
Gross amount	211,540	208,932
Allowance for bad and doubtful receivables	(24,336)	(23,439)
TOTAL	187,204	185,492

OTHER RECEIVABLES AND ACCRUALS

(€ '000s)	06.30.15	12.31.14
Deferred tax assets (1)	7,048	6,251
Other receivables (2)	18,886	29,379
Prepaid expenses	3,991	2,872
TOTAL	29,925	38,503

- (1) Deferred tax assets include mainly activation of losses carried forward and temporary differences.
- (2) The other net receivables have a maturity of less than one year.

SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN CONSOLIDATED EQUITY (GROUP SHARE)

				NET		
		ADDITIONAL		INCOME		TOTAL
	SHARE	PAID-IN	DATED	FOR THE		SHAREHOLDERS'
(€ '000s)	CAPITAL	CAPITAL	RESERVES	YEAR	DIFFERENCES	EQUITY
Position at 12.31.2014	258,223	1,882	239,319	38,513	(667)	537,269
Capital increase						
Appropriation of earnings			38,513	(38,513)		-
Distributions			(4,906)			(4,906)
Other changes				9,403	(21)	9,382
Position at 12.31.2014	258,223	1,882	272,926	9,403	(688)	541,745
Capital increase						
Appropriation of earnings			9,403	(9,403)		-
Distributions			(4,906)			(4,906)
Other changes			(8)	181	813	986
Position at 06.30.2015	258,223	1,882	277,415	181	125	537,825

PROVISIONS FOR CONTINGENCIES AND CHARGES

(€ '000s)	12.31.14	Change in scope	Additions	Reversals	Other	06.30.15
Provision for contingencies	13,519		303	(2,757)	7	11,072
Provisions for charges (1)	9,064		662	(968)	1	8,759
Deferred tax liabilities (2)	17,207				(2,467)	14,740
TOTAL	39,790		964	(3,725)	(2,459)	34,570
(1) Inc. pension commitments	7,006			(355)		6,652

⁽²⁾ Deferred tax liabilities are mainly related to temporary differences.

LOANS AND FINANCIAL DEBT

Maturity schedule (€ '000s)	Less than one year	Between 1 and 5 years	Over 5 years	06.30.15
Notes	-	-	960,000	960,000
Other bank loans	10,996	36,895	760	48,651
Financial lease liabilities	33,098	67,906		101,005
Other financial debt (1)	11,060	266		11,326
LOANS AND FINANCIAL DEBT AT 06.30.2015	55,153	105,068	960,760	1,120,982
LOANS AND FINANCIAL DEBT AT 12.31.2014	50,581	102,228	961,336	1,114,146

⁽¹⁾ Other financial debt includes interest accrued on loans, bank overdrafts, and deposits and guarantees received.

Breakdown between fixed and floating-rate debt	06.30.15	12.31.14
Floating-rate debt	51,245	33,038
Fixed-rate debt	1,068,535	1,080,605
Bank overdrafts	151	170
Other	1,050	333
TOTAL	1,120,982	1,114,146

OTHER LIABILITIES AND ACCRUALS

(€ '000s)	06.30.15	12.31.14
Tax and social security liabilities	82,151	78,543
Debt on fixed assets	25,585	27,218
Other liabilities	10,158	11,885
Prepaid income	1,379	1,354
TOTAL	119,274	118,999

INCOME TAX

(€ '000s)

BREAKDOWN OF THE INCOME TAX CHARGE	06.30.15	06.30.14
Current tax	(8,497)	(5,643)
Deferred tax	3,202	(2,113)
TOTAL	(5,295)	(7,756)

ANALYSIS OF THE INCOME TAX CHARGE		06.30.14	
Consolidated income before tax, C.I.C.E. and amortization of goodwill	2,547	13,596	
THEORETICAL TAX CHARGE	(877)	(4,681)	
	34.43%	34.43%	
Tax rate differences	(1,464)	(709)	
Impact of previously unrecognized tax losses	(212)	(654)	
Use of tax losses previously unrecognized	(2)	79	
Impact of permanent differences	(2,519)	(1,690)	
Tax credits and other	(221)	(101)	
ACTUAL TAX CHARGE	(5,295)	(7,756)	

HEADCOUNT

The average number of employees for the first half of 2015 was 4,601, including 3,622 in France and 979 in International.

It includes in France 731 executives, 2,831 supervisors and employees and 60 apprentices and occupational contracts.

As at the end of June 30, 2015, the number of staff employed by the group was 4,553, including 3,566 in France and 987 in International.

Management remuneration is not provided, as it would lead to the indirect disclosure of individual remuneration.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS

(€ '000s)	06.30.15	12.31.14
		<u> </u>
- Property rental guarantee granted to banks	2,106	9,780
- Interest-rate hedging derivatives	167,900	188,100
- Pledge of a business	360	360
TOTAL COMMITMENTS GIVEN	170,366	198,240
- Bank guarantee received for payment of a property rental	7,308	6,919
- Other bank guarantees received	450	200
TOTAL COMMITMENTS RECEIVED	7,758	7,119

Other commitments given to secure the bank loans recognized on the balance sheet:

- Guarantee from the Loxam parent company for the subsidiaries' loans amounting to €9,321K as at 06.30.2015.
- Pledge of the Loxam Power and Loxam Module shares, and of the Loxam brand as guarantee for the €410 million Senior Secured bond.
- Dailly assignment of receivables: 120% of the drawn credit revolving outstanding and pledge of a bank account guarantying the credit revolving. As at 06.30.2015 and during the first half of 2015, the credit revolving was not drawn.

Other miscellaneous commitments:

Under the terms of a delegation of authority granted by the Company's General Meeting on July 29,2011, the Chairman issued 3,165,713 Series 1 warrants (BSA 1) and 22,391,550 Series 2 warrants (BSA 2) in a decision dated February 28, 2012.

The Series 1 and Series 2 warrants were fully subscribed by the beneficiaries, and both subscription agreements recording the definitive completion of the transaction were approved on 2 April 2012.

The Series 1 and Series 2 warrants were issued free of charge and simultaneously. The Series 1 and Series 2 warrants may be exercised over a period that expires on 12.31.2022. The exercise of one Series 1 warrant entitles the holder to subscribe to one ordinary share in the Company, i.e. a maximum of 3,165,713 ordinary shares in the event that all 3,165,713 Series 1 warrants are exercised.

The exercise of one Series 2 warrant entitles the holder to subscribe to one-seventh of an ordinary share, which means that the exercise of seven series 2 warrants will be required in order to subscribe to one A or B share, depending on the case, i.e. a maximum of 3,198,793 A and B shares (depending on the case) in the event that all 22,391,550 Series 2 warrants are exercised.